



PROXEDO

API SECURITY

Proxedo API Security based on VM environment

Migration manual from 4.6.0 to 4.7.0

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1. Introduction

This guide describes the necessary steps and commands to upgrade PAS instance from version 4.6.0 to 4.7.0.

There are four main stages to describe the different phases and scenarios of the upgrade.

1. Creating a backup for safety
2. Upgrading a single node setup
3. Upgrading a multi node setup
4. Restoring the pre-upgrade state

2. Creating a backup for safety

Before starting the upgrade process, make sure there is a backup to which the current state of the actual PAS setup can be restored.

The following steps describe how to create a backup of an actual configuration manually.



All instructions need to be executed on the management node even in case of a multi node setup.



The password for the management component's admin user will be necessary to be able to backup the running configuration.

2.1. Bootstrap configuration

1. Log in to `pas` user by running `sudo -iu pas`.
2. Save the following configuration files on the node in a zip file:
 - `/opt/balasy/etc`
 - `/opt/balasy/.ssh` for a multi node setup
 - Parts of the automated core deployment tool:
 - `/opt/balasy/usr/share/automation/deploy-core.yml`
 - `/opt/balasy/usr/share/automation/host_vars`
 - `/opt/balasy/usr/share/automation/inventory.yml`
 - `/opt/balasy/usr/share/automation/roles/deploy-core/vars/main.yml`

Example command to compress bootstrap files in a single node setup

```
zip --recurse-paths bootstrap-config.zip --symlinks \  
  /opt/balasy/etc/ \  
  /opt/balasy/usr/share/automation/{deploy-core.yml,host_vars,inventory.yml} \  
  /opt/balasy/usr/share/automation/roles/deploy-core/vars/main.yml
```

Example command to compress bootstrap files in a multi node setup

```
zip --recurse-paths bootstrap-config.zip --symlinks \  
  /opt/balasy/.ssh/ \  
  /opt/balasy/etc/
```

```

/opt/balasy/etc/ \
/opt/balasy/usr/share/automation/{deploy-core.yml,host_vars,inventory.yml} \
/opt/balasy/usr/share/automation/roles/deploy-core/vars/main.yml
  
```

2.2. Creating a backup of the running configuration

1. Log in to the Web UI as admin user and navigate to the *Configuration Backup* page from the top bar.
2. On the *Configuration Backup* page select *Running* from the *Export configuration* dropdown menu.

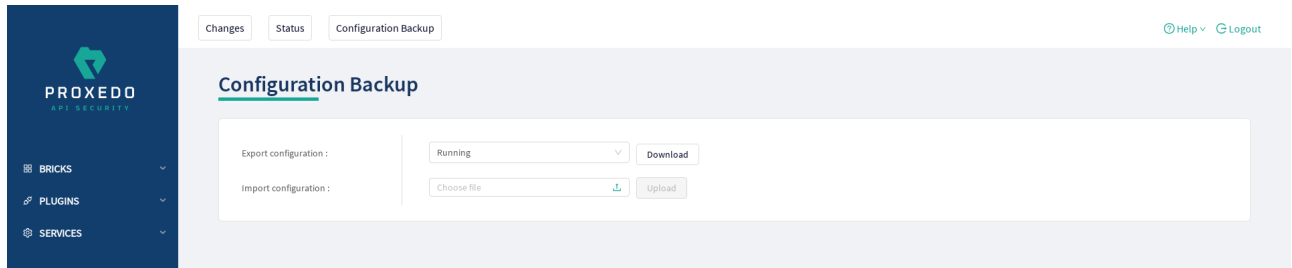


Figure 1. Backup and restore services with Proxedo API Security configuration

3. To export the running configuration, press the *Download* button. This will save the running configuration to a file named `running-config-backup.zip` in the working directory.



Save both files (`bootstrap-config.zip` and `running-config-backup.zip` displayed in the examples) to a backup server.

To restore the backup, follow the instructions in section [Restoring the pre-upgrade state](#).

3. Upgrading a single node setup

This section describes how to upgrade PAS in a single node setup. In case any problem occurs during the upgrade and the version 4.6.0 needs to be restored, follow the instructions in section [Restoring the pre-upgrade state](#).

3.1. Prerequisites

The following requirements need to be met before carrying out the upgrade process:

- The management, storage and core components of version 4.6.0 are running and healthy.
- The password for the administrator user of the management component is available.
- The new Debian packages are downloaded and available for installation on the node:
 - `proxedo-api-security_4.7.0_all.deb`
 - `proxedo-api-security-mgmt_4.7.0_all.deb`
 - `proxedo-api-security-storage_4.7.0_all.deb`

3.2. Upgrade steps

1. Install the new Proxedo API Security packages as `root` user. This will not restart `systemd` services.
 - Use the simplified installer windows for a directed and easier way of installing the PAS packages.
 - When the installer asks whether the existing configuration files shall be overwritten, select 'yes'. This question will be asked for each package.

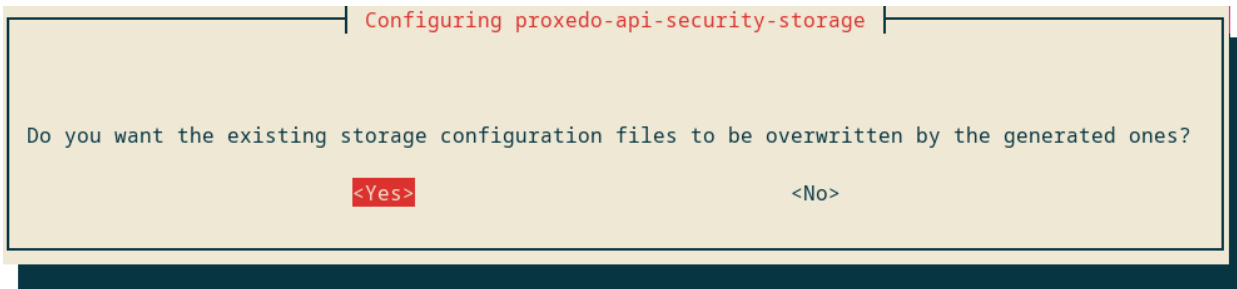



Figure 2. Question about overriding existing files



By agreeing the installer to overwrite the existing files, the installer creates a working, single node configuration, consequently, there is no need to complete any manual updates. The newly created configuration is saved in a backup subdirectory next to its original location.

- `/opt/balasy/etc/infrastructure/storage/backups` for storage infrastructure configuration
- `/opt/balasy/etc/storage/backups` for storage configuration
- `/opt/balasy/etc/infrastructure/mgmt/backups` for management infrastructure configuration
- `/opt/balasy/etc/mgmt/backups` for management configuration
- `/opt/balasy/etc/infrastructure/core/backups` for core infrastructure configuration

- When the Debian installer asks what to do with the new versions of the configuration files, select **N** for keeping installed versions:

Example question from the Debian installer

```
Installing new version of config file
/opt/balasy/etc/infrastructure/storage/docker-compose.conf ...

Configuration file '/opt/balasy/etc/storage/config.yml'
==> Modified (by you or by a script) since installation.
==> Package distributor has shipped an updated version.
What would you like to do about it ? Your options are:
  Y or I  : install the package maintainer's version
  N or O  : keep your currently-installed version
  D       : show the differences between the versions
  Z       : start a shell to examine the situation
The default action is to keep your current version.
*** config.yml (Y/I/N/O/D/Z) [default=N] ?
```

2. Log in to `pas` user by executing `sudo -iu pas`. Carry out the following operations as `pas` user.
3. Run `pas-mgmt-upgrade-config pre-upgrade`. After the pre-upgrade process is run, a `pas-config-4.6.0.zip` can be found in the working directory.



The old administrator password needs to be used, even if a new one was provided during the installation.



A custom base url can be defined using `pas-mgmt-upgrade-config --frontend -baseurl <url> pre-upgrade`. It is useful when the management node is configured to

only accept requests on a specific HTTP host or when the TLS certificate is not valid for localhost.



When the frontend certificate is not trusted by the computer that runs `pas-mgmt-update-config`, the signing CA bundle can be provided using the `--cacert <ca-bundle-file>` option. The CA bundle file must contain the full CA chain and has to be placed in the working directory in PEM format.

4. Run `pas-mgmt-upgrade-config convert-config` in the same directory. It will convert the old running configuration to be compatible with the new version. The new configuration will be saved as `pas-config-4.6.0.upgraded-to-4.7.0.zip`.
5. Run the update command for each component:
 - `pas-update` for core
 - `pas-mgmt-update` for management
 - `pas-storage-update` for storage
6. Run the `checkconfig` command for each component for which it is available:
 - `pas-mgmt-checkconfig` for management
 - `pas-storage-checkconfig` for storage
7. Restart the PAS management and storage components.
8. Stop the PAS core component.



By stopping the core component, the proxy functionality is hung up, and the network traffic going through is interrupted. The traffic will be served again when the core component is restarted in the last step.

9. Run `pas-mgmt-upgrade-config post-upgrade --config-apply-timeout 20` in the same directory where the pre-upgrade and the configuration conversion steps were performed. Follow the instructions of the script to complete.



If a new administrator password was provided in the installer, that one needs to be used.



A custom base url can be defined using `pas-mgmt-upgrade-config --frontend -baseurl <url> post-upgrade`. It is useful when the management node is configured to only accept requests on a specific HTTP host or when the TLS certificate is not valid for localhost.



When the frontend certificate is not trusted by the computer that runs `pas-mgmt-update-config`, the signing CA bundle can be provided using the `--cacert <ca-bundle-file>` option. The CA bundle file must contain the full CA chain and has to be placed in the working directory in PEM format.

10. Start the PAS core component.

4. Upgrading a multi node setup

This section describes how to upgrade PAS in a multi node setup. In case any problem occurs during the upgrade and the version 4.6.0 needs to be restored, follow the instructions in section [Restoring the pre-upgrade state](#).

4.1. Prerequisites

The following requirements need to be met before carrying out the upgrade process:

- The management and storage components of version 4.6.0 are running and healthy on the management node.



If the core component is also run on the management node, it needs to be running and functioning too.

- The storage and core components of version 4.6.0 are running and healthy on the core node.
- The password for the administrator user of the management component is available.
- The new Debian packages are downloaded and available for installation on the management node:
 - proxedo-api-security_4.7.0_all.deb
 - proxedo-api-security-mgmt_4.7.0_all.deb
 - proxedo-api-security-storage_4.7.0_all.deb

4.2. Upgrade steps

Execute all steps on the management node.

1. Make sure *local* PAS management and storage components of version 4.6.0 are running.
2. Make sure *remote* PAS storage and core components of version 4.6.0 are running.
3. Install the new Proxedo API Security packages locally as **root** user. This will not restart *systemd* services.



The simplified installer is designed to help single node installation. Ignore all questions asked by the installer during the upgrade and select "No" where possible. Ignore any questions asked twice and any error prompts.

- When the Debian installer asks what to do with the new versions of the configuration files, select **N** for keeping the installed versions.

Example question from the Debian installer

```
Installing new version of config file
/opt/balasy/etc/infrastructure/storage/docker-compose.conf ...

Configuration file '/opt/balasy/etc/storage/config.yml'
==> Modified (by you or by a script) since installation.
==> Package distributor has shipped an updated version.
What would you like to do about it ? Your options are:
  Y or I : install the package maintainer's version
  N or O : keep your currently-installed version
  D      : show the differences between the versions
  Z      : start a shell to examine the situation
The default action is to keep your current version.
*** config.yml (Y/I/N/O/D/Z) [default=N] ?
```

4. Log in to `pas` user by executing `sudo -iu pas`. Carry out the following operations as `pas` user.
5. Make sure the `DOCKER_IMAGE_TAG` variable is updated to 4.7.0 in all `docker-compose.conf` files:
 - `/opt/balasy/etc/infrastructure/pas/docker-compose.conf` for core
 - `/opt/balasy/etc/infrastructure/mgmt/docker-compose.conf` for management
 - `/opt/balasy/etc/infrastructure/storage/docker-compose.conf` for storage
6. Run `pas-mgmt-upgrade-config pre-upgrade`. After the pre-upgrade process is run, a `pas-config-4.6.0.zip` can be found in the working directory.



A custom base url can be defined using `pas-mgmt-upgrade-config --frontend-baseurl <url> pre-upgrade`. It is useful when the management node is configured to only accept requests on a specific HTTP host or when the TLS certificate is not valid for localhost.



When the frontend certificate is not trusted by the computer that runs `pas-mgmt-update-config`, the signing CA bundle can be provided using the `--cacert <ca-bundle-file>` option. The CA bundle file must contain the full CA chain and has to be placed in the working directory in PEM format.

7. Run `pas-mgmt-upgrade-config convert-config` in the same directory. It will convert the old running configuration to be compatible with the new version. The new configuration will be saved as `pas-config-4.6.0.upgraded-to-4.7.0.zip`.
8. Update the configuration of the automated deployment tool.
 - a. At `/opt/balasy/etc/automation/common_vars.yml`
 - Update the `storage_deb_path` to the new `.deb` file.
 - Update the `core_deb_path` to the new `.deb` file.
 - Update the `common.docker.PAS_IMAGE_TAG` to 4.7.0.

Example extract of values for the updated attributes

```
storage_deb_path: /tmp/proxedo-api-security-storage_4.7.0_all.deb
core_deb_path: /tmp/proxedo-api-security_4.7.0_all.deb
common:
  docker:
    PAS_IMAGE_TAG: 4.7.0
```

9. Run the update command for each component:
 - `pas-update` for core if core is also run on the management node
 - `pas-mgmt-update` for management
 - `pas-storage-update` for storage
10. Run the `checkconfig` command for each component for which it is available:
 - `pas-mgmt-checkconfig` for management
 - `pas-storage-checkconfig` for storage
11. Restart the *local* PAS management and storage components.
12. Restart the *remote* core component by running `pas-mgmt-deploy-core --deploy-core --restart -storage`. This will restart the *remote* storages with PAS version 4.7.0.
13. Run `pas-mgmt-upgrade-config post-upgrade --config-apply-timeout 20` in the same directory where the pre-upgrade and the conversion of the steps were performed. Follow the instructions of the script to

complete.



A custom base url can be defined using `pas-mgmt-upgrade-config --frontend -baseurl <url> post-upgrade`. It is useful when the management node is configured to only accept requests on a specific HTTP host or when the TLS certificate is not valid for localhost.



When the frontend certificate is not trusted by the computer that runs `pas-mgmt-update-config`, the signing CA bundle can be provided using the `--cacert <ca-bundle-file>` option. The CA bundle file must contain the full CA chain and has to be placed in the working directory in PEM format.

14. Restart the *local* PAS core component.
15. If HA is run, also restart the *local* HA component.
16. Upgrade and restart the *remote* PAS core component by running `pas-mgmt-deploy-core --restart-core`.
17. If HA is run, also upgrade and restart the *remote* HA component by running `pas-mgmt-deploy-core --deploy-ha --restart-ha`.
18. Open the UI as the administrator user and go to the *Status* page. If **FAILED** is displayed in the `Reload success` column, go to the *Changes* page, and click *Config Apply* even if there are no pending changes.

5. Restoring the pre-upgrade state

5.1. Cleaning up to pre-upgrade state

1. Stop all PAS services on *all nodes*.
 - `systemctl stop proxedo-api-security` for core
 - `systemctl stop proxedo-api-security-mgmt` for management
 - `systemctl stop proxedo-api-security-storage` for storage
2. Remove PAS packages as `root` user on *all nodes*. Remove packages only from those nodes where they are installed.
 - `apt remove --purge proxedo-api-security` for core
 - `apt remove --purge proxedo-api-security-mgmt` on management
 - `apt remove --purge proxedo-api-security-storage` on storage
3. Remove the `pas` user by running `userdel --force --remove pas`.

5.2. Restoring the configuration to pre-upgrade state

All instructions need to be executed on the management node.

1. Reinstall PAS version 4.6.0 packages.
2. Log in to `pas` user by running `sudo -iu pas`.
3. Copy the files saved during the backup to the `pas` user's home directory.

5.2.1. Bootstrap configuration



It is important to run all commands as `pas` user to prevent from accidentally overwriting system files.

1. Unzip the saved bootstrap configuration files in the `/opt/balasy` directory as `pas` user by running `unzip -u -o bootstrap-config.zip -d /`.

Example bootstrap configuration restore command and output

```
$ unzip -u -o bootstrap-config.zip -d /
Archive:  bootstrap-config.zip
  creating: /opt/balasy/etc/
  creating: /opt/balasy/etc/ha/
 inflating: /opt/balasy/etc/ha/config.yml
  creating: /opt/balasy/etc/mgmt/
 extracting: /opt/balasy/etc/mgmt/users.htpass
 inflating: /opt/balasy/etc/mgmt/config.yml
  creating: /opt/balasy/etc/storage/
[...]
```

2. Start all PAS services including the HA component if previously an HA setup was run.
3. If a multi node setup is being restored, also deploy the remote node by running the remote deployment command.

```
pas-mgmt-deploy-core --deploy-core
```

4. If an HA setup is run, also start the HA service on the remote node.

```
pas-mgmt-deploy-core --deploy-ha
```

5.2.2. Restoring the running configuration

1. Log in to the Web UI as the administrator user and navigate to the *Configuration Backup* page from the top bar.
2. To import the running configuration, on the *Configuration Backup* page choose a configuration file from the computer and press *Upload* to upload the configuration.

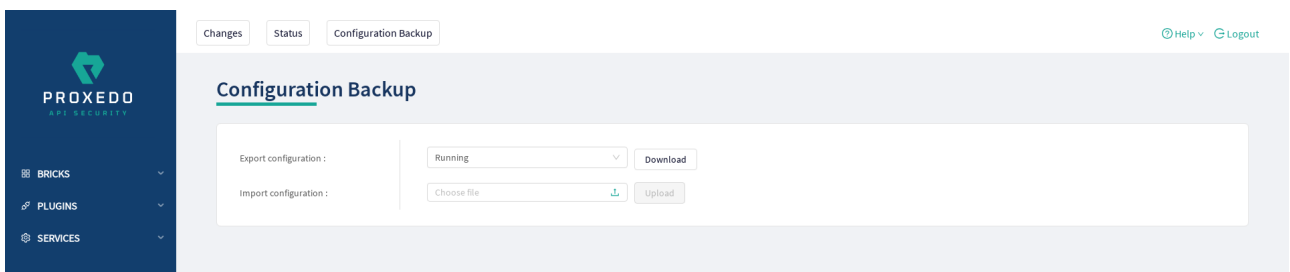


Figure 3. Backup and restore services with Proxedo API Security configuration

3. Apply the configuration.